

Zogby Analytics Online Survey of Likely Voters in Oregon  
3/18/19 to 3/19/19 MOE +/- 4.4 Percentage Points

State

|       |        | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|-------|--------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid | Oregon | 503       | 100.0   | 100.0         | 100.0              |

2002. How likely are you to vote in statewide elections?

|       |                 | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|-------|-----------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid | Definitely      | 351       | 69.7    | 69.7          | 69.7               |
|       | Very likely     | 100       | 19.8    | 19.8          | 89.5               |
|       | Somewhat likely | 53        | 10.5    | 10.5          | 100.0              |
|       | Total           | 503       | 100.0   | 100.0         |                    |

Party

|       |             | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|-------|-------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid | Democratic  | 166       | 33.0    | 33.0          | 33.0               |
|       | Republican  | 116       | 23.0    | 23.0          | 56.0               |
|       | Independent | 221       | 44.0    | 44.0          | 100.0              |
|       | Total       | 503       | 100.0   | 100.0         |                    |

1. Do you support or oppose efforts by the Legislature to grant driver's licenses to illegal immigrants in spite of the voters' 2014 decision?

|       |                       | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|-------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid | Strongly support      | 61        | 12.2    | 12.2          | 12.2               |
|       | Somewhat support      | 85        | 17.0    | 17.0          | 29.1               |
|       | Somewhat oppose       | 112       | 22.2    | 22.2          | 51.3               |
|       | Strongly oppose       | 214       | 42.5    | 42.5          | 93.8               |
|       | Not sure / Don't know | 31        | 6.2     | 6.2           | 100.0              |
|       | Total                 | 503       | 100.0   | 100.0         |                    |

Subsets have a larger margin of error than the whole data set. As a rule we do not rely on the validity of very small subsets of the data, especially sets smaller than 50-75 respondents. At that size subset we can make generalizations, but in these cases the data is more qualitative than quantitative

Zogby Analytics Online Survey of Likely Voters in Oregon  
3/18/19 to 3/19/19 MOE +/- 4.4 Percentage Points

2. Regardless of your views on whether illegal immigrants should be allowed to obtain Oregon driver's licenses, do you believe the State Legislature and Governor should pass legislation that overrides the decision of two-thirds of Oregon voters made in 201

|       |   | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|-------|---|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid | No, the Legislature and the Governor must respect the decisions made by voters through the ballot initiative process.                     | 344       | 68.4    | 68.4          | 68.4               |
|       | Yes, the Legislature and the Governor have a right to enact new laws, including those that have previously been overturned by the voters. | 94        | 18.7    | 18.7          | 87.1               |
|       | Not sure / Don't know   | 65        | 12.9    | 12.9          | 100.0              |
|       | Total   | 503       | 100.0   | 100.0         |                    |

3. Generally speaking, how likely would you be to vote for a member of the Legislature who votes for a bill that reverses a decision made by a two-thirds majority of Oregon voters less than five years ago?

|       |                       | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|-------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid | Much more likely      | 26        | 5.2     | 5.2           | 5.2                |
|       | Somewhat more likely  | 33        | 6.6     | 6.6           | 11.8               |
|       | Somewhat less likely  | 85        | 17.0    | 17.0          | 28.8               |
|       | Much less likely      | 234       | 46.5    | 46.5          | 75.3               |
|       | No difference         | 59        | 11.8    | 11.8          | 87.1               |
|       | Not sure / Don't know | 65        | 12.9    | 12.9          | 100.0              |
|       | Total                 | 503       | 100.0   | 100.0         |                    |

4. Do you support or oppose the State of Oregon providing driver's licenses and government issued identification documents to people that are not legally in the United States?

|       |                       | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|-------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid | Strongly support      | 55        | 10.9    | 10.9          | 10.9               |
|       | Somewhat support      | 96        | 19.2    | 19.2          | 30.1               |
|       | Somewhat oppose       | 108       | 21.5    | 21.5          | 51.6               |
|       | Strongly oppose       | 211       | 41.9    | 41.9          | 93.5               |
|       | Not sure / Don't know | 33        | 6.5     | 6.5           | 100.0              |
|       | Total                 | 503       | 100.0   | 100.0         |                    |

Subsets have a larger margin of error than the whole data set. As a rule we do not rely on the validity of very small subsets of the data, especially sets smaller than 50-75 respondents. At that size subset we can make generalizations, but in these cases the data is more qualitative than quantitative

Zogby Analytics Online Survey of Likely Voters in Oregon  
3/18/19 to 3/19/19 MOE +/- 4.4 Percentage Points

Age group A

|         |       | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|-------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | 18-29 | 75        | 14.9    | 15.0          | 15.0               |
|         | 30-49 | 165       | 32.7    | 33.0          | 48.0               |
|         | 50-64 | 140       | 27.8    | 28.0          | 76.0               |
|         | 65+   | 120       | 23.8    | 24.0          | 100.0              |
|         | Total | 499       | 99.2    | 100.0         |                    |
| Missing | .00   | 4         | .8      |               |                    |
| Total   |       | 503       | 100.0   |               |                    |

Age group B

|         |       | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|-------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | 18-24 | 35        | 6.9     | 7.0           | 7.0                |
|         | 25-34 | 68        | 13.5    | 13.6          | 20.6               |
|         | 35-54 | 178       | 35.4    | 35.7          | 56.3               |
|         | 55-69 | 174       | 34.6    | 34.9          | 91.2               |
|         | 70+   | 44        | 8.7     | 8.8           | 100.0              |
|         | Total | 499       | 99.2    | 100.0         |                    |
| Missing | .00   | 4         | .8      |               |                    |
| Total   |       | 503       | 100.0   |               |                    |

Education

|         |                   | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|-------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | No College Degree | 250       | 49.8    | 50.0          | 50.0               |
|         | College Degree+   | 251       | 49.8    | 50.0          | 100.0              |
|         | Total             | 501       | 99.6    | 100.0         |                    |
| Missing | .00               | 2         | .4      |               |                    |
| Total   |                   | 503       | 100.0   |               |                    |

Subsets have a larger margin of error than the whole data set. As a rule we do not rely on the validity of very small subsets of the data, especially sets smaller than 50-75 respondents. At that size subset we can make generalizations, but in these cases the data is more qualitative than quantitative

Zogby Analytics Online Survey of Likely Voters in Oregon  
3/18/19 to 3/19/19 MOE +/- 4.4 Percentage Points

Race

|         |         | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | White   | 410       | 81.5    | 82.0          | 82.0               |
|         | Hisp    | 45        | 8.9     | 9.0           | 91.0               |
|         | AfrAmer | 5         | 1.0     | 1.0           | 92.0               |
|         | Asian   | 20        | 4.0     | 4.0           | 96.0               |
|         | Other   | 20        | 4.0     | 4.0           | 100.0              |
|         | Total   | 500       | 99.4    | 100.0         |                    |
| Missing | .00     | 3         | .6      |               |                    |
| Total   |         | 503       | 100.0   |               |                    |

Marital Status

|         |                                     | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | Married                             | 272       | 54.1    | 54.2          | 54.2               |
|         | Single, never married               | 100       | 20.0    | 20.0          | 74.2               |
|         | Divorced/separated/widowed          | 87        | 17.2    | 17.2          | 91.4               |
|         | Civil union or domestic partnership | 43        | 8.6     | 8.6           | 100.0              |
|         | Total                               | 502       | 99.8    | 100.0         |                    |
| Missing | 0                                   | 1         | .2      |               |                    |
| Total   |                                     | 503       | 100.0   |               |                    |

Live

|       |  | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|-------|--|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid | Large city (100,000 or more residents)   | 134       | 26.6    | 26.6          | 26.6               |
|       | Small city (less than 100,000 residents) | 119       | 23.7    | 23.7          | 50.3               |
|       | Suburbs                                  | 135       | 26.7    | 26.7          | 77.0               |
|       | Rural area                               | 116       | 23.0    | 23.0          | 100.0              |
|       | Total                                    | 503       | 100.0   | 100.0         |                    |

Subsets have a larger margin of error than the whole data set. As a rule we do not rely on the validity of very small subsets of the data, especially sets smaller than 50-75 respondents. At that size subset we can make generalizations, but in these cases the data is more qualitative than quantitative

Zogby Analytics Online Survey of Likely Voters in Oregon  
3/18/19 to 3/19/19 MOE +/- 4.4 Percentage Points

Ideology Recoded

|         |              | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|--------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | Liberal      | 146       | 28.9    | 29.7          | 29.7               |
|         | Moderate     | 171       | 33.9    | 34.9          | 64.6               |
|         | Conservative | 173       | 34.4    | 35.4          | 100.0              |
|         | Total        | 489       | 97.3    | 100.0         |                    |
| Missing | .00          | 14        | 2.7     |               |                    |
| Total   |              | 503       | 100.0   |               |                    |

Religion

|       |            | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|-------|------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid | Catholic   | 70        | 14.0    | 14.0          | 14.0               |
|       | Protestant | 155       | 30.9    | 30.9          | 44.9               |
|       | Jewish     | 5         | 1.0     | 1.0           | 45.9               |
|       | Other/None | 272       | 54.1    | 54.1          | 100.0              |
|       | Total      | 503       | 100.0   | 100.0         |                    |

Born Again

|         |          | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|----------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | Yes      | 86        | 17.2    | 55.5          | 55.5               |
|         | No       | 59        | 11.7    | 38.0          | 93.5               |
|         | Not sure | 10        | 2.0     | 6.5           | 100.0              |
|         | Total    | 155       | 30.9    | 100.0         |                    |
| Missing | 0        | 348       | 69.1    |               |                    |
| Total   |          | 503       | 100.0   |               |                    |

Subsets have a larger margin of error than the whole data set. As a rule we do not rely on the validity of very small subsets of the data, especially sets smaller than 50-75 respondents. At that size subset we can make generalizations, but in these cases the data is more qualitative than quantitative

Zogby Analytics Online Survey of Likely Voters in Oregon  
3/18/19 to 3/19/19 MOE +/- 4.4 Percentage Points

Union

|         |       | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|-------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | Yes   | 81        | 16.1    | 16.4          | 16.4               |
|         | No    | 413       | 82.1    | 83.6          | 100.0              |
|         | Total | 494       | 98.2    | 100.0         |                    |
| Missing | 0     | 9         | 1.8     |               |                    |
| Total   |       | 503       | 100.0   |               |                    |

Child<17

|         |       | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|-------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | Yes   | 148       | 29.4    | 29.6          | 29.6               |
|         | No    | 352       | 69.9    | 70.4          | 100.0              |
|         | Total | 500       | 99.3    | 100.0         |                    |
| Missing | 0     | 3         | .7      |               |                    |
| Total   |       | 503       | 100.0   |               |                    |

Employment Status

|       |   | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|-------|---|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid | Working full time                               | 220       | 43.7    | 43.9          | 43.9               |
|       | Working part time                               | 57        | 11.3    | 11.4          | 55.3               |
|       | Temporarily unemployed and looking for work     | 22        | 4.4     | 4.4           | 59.7               |
|       | Temporarily unemployed and not looking for work | 14        | 2.7     | 2.7           | 62.4               |
|       | Student   | 21        | 4.2     | 4.2           | 66.7               |
|       | Stay at home parent/spouse                      | 40        | 8.0     | 8.1           | 74.7               |
|       | Retired   | 127       | 25.2    | 25.3          | 100.0              |
|       | Total   | 501       | 99.6    | 100.0         |                    |
|       | Missing   | 0         | 2       | .4            |                    |
| Total |   | 503       | 100.0   |               |                    |

Subsets have a larger margin of error than the whole data set. As a rule we do not rely on the validity of very small subsets of the data, especially sets smaller than 50-75 respondents. At that size subset we can make generalizations, but in these cases the data is more qualitative than quantitative

Zogby Analytics Online Survey of Likely Voters in Oregon  
3/18/19 to 3/19/19 MOE +/- 4.4 Percentage Points

Veteran/Armed Forces?

|       |       | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|-------|-------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid | Yes   | 101       | 20.1    | 20.1          | 20.1               |
|       | No    | 402       | 79.9    | 79.9          | 100.0              |
|       | Total | 503       | 100.0   | 100.0         |                    |

Resident

|         |                  | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | My city or town  | 125       | 24.9    | 25.2          | 25.2               |
|         | America          | 219       | 43.6    | 44.1          | 69.4               |
|         | The planet Earth | 152       | 30.3    | 30.6          | 100.0              |
|         | Total            | 497       | 98.8    | 100.0         |                    |
| Missing | 0                | 6         | 1.2     |               |                    |
| Total   |                  | 503       | 100.0   |               |                    |

Income

|         |                       | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | Less than \$25,000    | 79        | 15.7    | 16.5          | 16.5               |
|         | \$25001 - 35000       | 54        | 10.7    | 11.3          | 27.8               |
|         | \$35001 - 50000       | 58        | 11.6    | 12.2          | 40.0               |
|         | \$50001 - 75000       | 89        | 17.7    | 18.6          | 58.6               |
|         | \$75001 - 100000      | 69        | 13.7    | 14.4          | 73.0               |
|         | \$100001 - 150000     | 99        | 19.6    | 20.6          | 93.6               |
|         | Greater than \$150000 | 31        | 6.1     | 6.4           | 100.0              |
|         | Total                 | 479       | 95.2    | 100.0         |                    |
| Missing | 0                     | 24        | 4.8     |               |                    |
| Total   |                       | 503       | 100.0   |               |                    |

Subsets have a larger margin of error than the whole data set. As a rule we do not rely on the validity of very small subsets of the data, especially sets smaller than 50-75 respondents. At that size subset we can make generalizations, but in these cases the data is more qualitative than quantitative

Zogby Analytics Online Survey of Likely Voters in Oregon  
 3/18/19 to 3/19/19 MOE +/- 4.4 Percentage Points

Gender

|       |        | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|-------|--------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid | Male   | 246       | 49.0    | 49.0          | 49.0               |
|       | Female | 257       | 51.0    | 51.0          | 100.0              |
|       | Total  | 503       | 100.0   | 100.0         |                    |

Region

|         |                                | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|--------------------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | Metro East / Metro West Region | 216       | 42.9    | 43.0          | 43.0               |
|         | Willamette Valley / N.W.       | 167       | 33.2    | 33.3          | 76.3               |
|         | East/South                     | 119       | 23.6    | 23.7          | 100.0              |
|         | Total                          | 501       | 99.7    | 100.0         |                    |
| Missing | .00                            | 2         | .3      |               |                    |
| Total   |                                | 503       | 100.0   |               |                    |

Subsets have a larger margin of error than the whole data set. As a rule we do not rely on the validity of very small subsets of the data, especially sets smaller than 50-75 respondents. At that size subset we can make generalizations, but in these cases the data is more qualitative than quantitative